

Kumaun University, Nainital

Syllabus for the Post Graduate in History (Semester system)

Postgraduate course in History shall consist of 16 papers (four papers in each semester) of 100 marks each, including Viva Voce of 100 marks in the fourth semester. In every paper (except Viva-Voce) there will be an internal evaluation of 25 marks.

There shall be three specialization groups namely:

i. Ancient Indian History Group

ii. Archaeology Group

iii. Medieval and Modern Indian History Group

Note: Student shall have to opt for the same group in all the further semester which have been cleared in the first semester.

Note: (i) World History will be compulsory for all the three groups in all the semesters. (ii) Indian National Movement will be compulsory for all the three groups in IIIrd and IVth semester.

M. A. (Ancient Indian History Group)

III Semester

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| I | Modern World History (A.D. 1776-1870) |
| II | Indian National Movement : (AD. 1857-1919) |
| III | Society and Culture of India (Upte 320 A.D.) |
| IV | Political and Economic History of India (700 A.D.-1200 A.D.) |

M. A. (Archaeology Group)

III Semester

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| I | Modern World History (A.D. 1776-1870) |
| II | Indian National Movement : (A.D. 1857-1919) |
| III | Society and Culture of India (Upto 320 A.D.) |

IV Political and Economic History of India (700 A.D.-1200 A.D)

M. A. (Medieval and Modern Indian History Group)

III Semester

I Modern World History (A.D. 1776-1870)
II Indian National Movement : (A.D. 1857-1919)
III Society and Culture of India (A.D. 1206-1707)
IV Political and Economic History of Modern India (A.D. 1707-1857)

Semester III

Paper I- History Of Modern World (1776 A.D. -1870 A.D.)

1.American Revolution 2. Society on the eve of French Revolution: Europe and France. 3. French Revolution: achievements and limitation. 4. Napoleon Bonaparte 5.Revolution and Counter Revolutions in Europe: Concert of Europe; Vienna Congress; Revolution of 1830; Era of Metternich; Revolution of 1848. 6. Colonial expansion of Europe: Struggle for Africa and South East Asia. 7. National Aspirations: Unification of Italy and Germany.

Paper II- Indian National Movement : (1857A.D.-1919 AM.)

1.Aspects of Indian renaissance. 2. The Revolt of 1857: growth and significance. 3. Rise and growth of economic nationalism. 4. Rise and growth of pre-Congress organizations. 5. The first phase of Indian National Congress. 6. Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement.7. Revolutionary terrorism. 2.), World War I, Russian Revolution and Indian struggle.

Paper III- Society and Cultural History of India (Upto 320 A.D.)

1.Indus Society. 2. Early Vedic Society. 3. Later Vedic Society 4. Mauryan Society 5. Varnasrama dharma (System) 6. Marriage system 7. Education system. 8. Status of Women 8. Ancient Indian polity: origin of State; kingship; gana (republics) 9. Origin and development of Buddhism and Jainism 10. Development of language and literature: Pali; Prakrit; Sanskrit 11. Sanskaras 12. Caste system. 13. Art and Architecture: Harappan, Maurya, Sunga-Santvahana, Kushana; Mathura & Gandhar Art.

Paper IV - Political and Economic History of India (700 A.D. -1200 A..D.)

1.Gurjara pratiharas 2. Parmaras 3. Palas 4. Rashtrakutas 5. Cholas 6. Land system 2. Irrigation 3. Revenue system. 4. internal and External Trade 5. Slavery. 6. Feudalism. 7. Monetary system. 8. Taxation 9. Guild system.

Paper 111- Society and Cultural History of India (1206 A.D. -1707 A.D.)

Religious movements: Bhakti movement 2. Socio-religious movement: Sufi movement 3. Art and Architecture 4. Music and Painting during Medieval India 5. Education : Languages and Literature during Medieval India 6. Society and Religion during Medieval India 7. Status of Women.

Paper IV- Political and Economic History of Modern India (1707 A.D. - 1857 A.D.)

1. Disintegration of Mughal Empire. 2. Rise and fall of Marathas; Peshwa Baji Rao I and II 3. Invasion of Nadir Shah; Third Battle of Panipat. 4. Political and economic domination of East India Company: Clive, Warren Hasting, Duplex, Anglo-French conflict. 5. Consolidation and expansion of political and economic domination of East India Company: Cornwallis; reforms. 6. Lord Dalhousie and the policy of Annexation. 7. Foreign policy of East India Company: Regulation Act; Pitt's India Act and subsequent Acts. 8. Colonial agrarian system. 9. Indian industries and National income. 10. Trade and Commerce. 11. Land settlements. 12. Economic drain. 13. Taxation.